

Water Filters and Water Softeners 101

What is YOUR Family Drinking, Cooking With and Bathing In?



Find out:

- What might be in YOUR municipal water supply
- How water softeners work
- How water filters work
- Why you should care about the water you consume
- The truth about fluoride and chlorine

And much more...

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Introduction: Meet Our Family, and Find Out About Our Project

We Care About What We Drink. So Should You

There are almost no sites about water filters online that deal with the topic of water purification and filtration with a family focus. This was really frustrating to us when we began our family, and started trying to research healthier drinking, cooking and bathing water. So we started a site of our own!

Five years later, All Water Purification has grown into a vital resource for anybody who wants to make healthier choices about the water they consume.

Children Seal the Deal

You don't have to be a parent to care about what you're eating and drinking. But if you do have kids, then you'll know the overwhelming feeling of wanting to make the right choices for your children, as well as for you.



In almost every situation, the right choice is the informed choice. But water softeners, water filters and water purifiers are topics which can truly tie you up in knots.

[All Water Purification](#) will loosen those knots for you.

We'll walk you through the process of finding the best water filters online and water softeners for your situation, in BS-free, jargon-busting English.

What's in YOUR City Water Supply?

My wife and I have had several moments over the years when the fates intervened...

"Do we want two kids, or three?" Along came twins and "three" was decided for us!

"Do we care about our drinking water?" When we first moved into our little town in Quebec, Canada, we soon discovered our bath, shower and dishwasher turning brownish-orange! Something was in the water, and we weren't sure what it was. What we WERE sure about was, we didn't want to drink it or bathe in it any longer...

We started reading about water filters online, but soon got discouraged at the lack of great websites about the topic. So we turned to offline companies.

In talks with various manufacturers while we searched for the best whole house water filter, it was revealed to us that the staining was caused by iron deposits in the water. No big deal.

But there was much more serious news. Our municipal water contained significant quantities of [manganese](#), which has been linked with reduced intelligence in developing children.

Lucky for us the water stains drew this to our attention! What's in YOUR city water?

Fluoride, Chlorine, Manganese... Ignorance is NOT Bliss

Many of us have been misled, intentionally or otherwise, about what exactly is good and bad for us when it comes to drinking water.

Fluoride is a classic example. If your municipal water supply is fluoridated, then you should IMMEDIATELY should invest in one of the available [fluoride water filters](#).



If you, like most people, have been brainwashed into believing that fluoride promotes healthy teeth and bones, then you need to read this article about the dangers of fluoride poisoning.

Other dangerous chemicals in your drinking water may include nitrites and nitrates (especially in rural areas where farm runoff may enter your water supply), chlorine, and heavy metals.

Yes, chlorine. If you've ever got out of a swimming pool that's been slightly over-chlorinated, with smarting eyes or sore nose linings, then you'll know what a

dangerous irritant chlorine can be. It has a long history of being used as a deadly weapon, getting its dubious debut in World War I.

Have Your Say

All Water Purification is our story about learning more about what goes into our drinking water, and what you can do to take measures to ensure that your own drinking water is as safe as possible.

If you have gone through what we have, struggling to read reliable advice about water filters online, then we'd love to hear about your personal journey towards safer drinking and bathing water. [Please share your story here.](#)

We welcome any feedback about our eBook, and we hope you find it useful.

Ashley and Carolina
[All Water Purification](#)

What's in YOUR City Tap Water?

It's becoming dangerous to rely on your municipal water department to decide what is, and is not, safe for you to drink. For your health, and your family's health, you must take your own responsibility to ensure that your water (well water, city water, or spring water) is safe for daily consumption, preferably by passing it through a [whole house water filter system](#) before you use it.



City water sources are becoming more and more polluted with chemicals, bacteria, toxic metals and other contaminants, despite (and sometimes because of!) industrial methods of water treatment in residential areas.

Years of propaganda have created a false sense of security about our water supply. We are not trying to scare you. Do your own research. Just as no amount of mercury or lead is non-toxic in the human body, it is never a good idea to ingest any quantity of toxic chemicals.

Our family does not take fluoride in any form, including in our toothpaste.

Don't Despair

It's not all bad news out there! The flipside of the water scares we routinely read about is a thriving industry of water purification. You are spoiled for choice of [water filters](#), [water softeners](#) and other [water purifiers](#).

There are inexpensive and readily-available gadgets that will take lake water, or even a water butt filled with rain runoff from your barn or outbuilding, and filter it into fresh, useable drinking water in minutes.

Once a luxury only afforded by an affluent few, whole house water filters and reverse osmosis systems are becoming a common sight, and are fixtures in the homes of regular families like yours, and ours.

The big question is: how do you pick the right one for you? What can you do to "filter out" the bad choices, and be left with a water purification system that's "clearly" right for you?

[All Water Filtration to the Rescue](#)

When we first started planning for a family, we also began researching water filtration systems. We were so disappointed with what we found, that we started our own project. There simply were no websites online like ours: a simple, family-focused approach to what, ironically, can be a very 'dry', scientific topic, loaded with jargon.

It's easy to get confused by different methods of water purification, like water softening, water conditioning, water filtering, reverse osmosis, water ionizing or ultra violet water purifying. Your choice is further muddled when you weigh up the relative benefits of brand: dozens of manufacturers, with names you'll have heard of, like Culligan, Kinetico, PUR, Kenmore, GE and Katadyn, and many others you probably won't have come across before, but who need to be considered if you want the best value for money.

Our [water softener reviews](#) will help you choose the best water softener for your home.

You'll also learn about installation, how water softeners work, the pros and cons of salt and salt-free water softener models, and more.

Water purifiers and filters reviews make it easier to decide between different manufacturers like Kenmore, Aqua Sana, Culligan or PUR, and choose the right purifier and filter depending on your needs: ceramic, stainless steel, osmotic, ozone, carbon or others.

We'll give you everything you need to know about home, camping, RV and portable water purification systems. It's all in this eBook.



We care about the water we drink, bathe in and cook with. So should you.

Don't Be Scared, Be Informed

Where can you begin?

You can contact your town hall and ask them for a breakdown of the chemicals in your city water supply. The town will definitely know this information: **whether the town management are keen to share it with you or not is another matter.**

Fortunately, you can take action without relying upon anybody's help.

A simple [water testing kit from Amazon](#) (which costs just a few dollars) will reveal most of the contaminants in your city water supply.

Once you know what you're up against, you can start comparing systems to find the best filter for your family's needs.

Read on for helpful articles in making these important decisions.

Three Water Filters That Look Great in Any Kitchen

Big Berkey Water Filter



There's something special about the beautiful stainless steel water filters made by British Berkefeld.

Big Berkey is the company's best-selling water filter. It is not only amazing to look at, and quite at home in the highest of high-end kitchens, but it also produces clean, pure, great-tasting water without any energy use.

The filter is gravity-fed, which means you load water into the top tank, and it filters down into the holding tank at the bottom.

Big Berkey's top tank nests inside the lower one, so you can carry it more easily for camping trips, family BBQs, or other outdoor activities.

Available with PF-2 fluoride filters, this is about the most affordable way to filter fluoride out of your city tap water. At under \$300, this product is a fantastic addition to any family kitchen. [Read a full review of the Big Berkey.](#)

Amana Built-In Water Filter



You're going to have a fridge in your kitchen anyway, so why not choose one that has an integral water filter for drinking water and ice cubes?

The filter on an Amana refrigerator water filter must be changed every six months to ensure a clean supply.

You'll also need to have your refrigerator plumbed into the house water supply.

Read more about [Amana refrigerator water filters here.](#)

Watts Premier 4-Stage Reverse Osmosis Water Filter



If you don't want to give up counter space to a water filter, or link your refrigerator to the main water supply, then you'll need an under-sink solution.

The [Watts Premier 4-Stage Reverse Osmosis Water Filter](#) is a great choice. It's small enough to be hidden under most kitchen or bathroom sinks, yet the four-stage filter removes everything harmful from your water.

It even removes fluoride from fluoridated city water supplies.

So if you're concerned about the health of your family, but want to have great-tasting water, then this is a great choice of reverse-osmosis water filter for you.

More Great Family Choices

[Berkey water filter reviews](#)

[Fluoride water filter reviews](#)

[Refrigerator water filters](#)

[Brita water filters](#)

More About Refrigerator Water Filters

Refrigerator water filters are just as important as filtering your tap water. Unless you have a whole house filter system, you should look into installing one in your refrigerator as well.

Instead of filling and refilling pitchers, or taking up precious space around the sink, all anyone has to do is remember to fill their glasses at the water dispenser on the fridge. You also get ice-cold water on demand, and the clearest, best-tasting ice cubes you can imagine!



[Refrigerator water filters](#) are hidden away inside the fridge workings, and usually the only time you see them is when you change the filter cartridge.

They use carbon filters to improve taste and smell, as well as to remove several contaminants from the water. Some also include a fiber filter for sediment, which may clog your water dispenser and ice maker.

How Refrigerator Water Filters Work

Most fridges have a simple dispenser, similar to a drinks dispenser in a fast food restaurant. To get your water, simply lean the edge of the glass or cup against the dispenser, and filtered water fills your glass. For ice, the dispenser spits out clean, filtered ice cubes when you lean your glass against the dispenser. If you have used a lot of ice recently, there may be a delay before your ice maker has more cubes ready.

[Amana](#), [Frigidaire](#), [Maytag](#), [Kenmore](#), [GE](#), and most other refrigerator makers have jumped on the filter bandwagon. They provide in-line water filters for your water dispenser and ice maker when you purchase your fridge. [Replacement filters are readily available from Amazon.](#)

You can sometimes choose between an inline or a built-in filter. Built-ins are made for convenient filter changes, so you should not have any problems, no matter what brand your refrigerator is.

Did You Know?

Refrigerator water filters need to have their filter cartridges changed on a regular basis. If you have average family use, your filter may last as long as six months.

If you use a lot of water through your refrigerator, you may need to replace it every three months. Use the taste test. If your water starts to taste or smell funny, or if you see particles or discoloration, change the filter, no matter how much time has passed since the last change.

Read more about [Refrigerator water filters](#).

What is a Reverse Osmosis Water Filter?

The process called osmosis was first described in 1748 by a French scientist. Later on, around 200 years after the discovery of osmosis, a new technology emerged, and it's now called reverse osmosis.

The job of a [reverse osmosis water filter](#) is to convert any contaminated or undesirable water into something that is safe to drink and use in every household. RO water tends to be super-pure, but can sometimes lack the taste we associate with dissolved minerals in drinking water.

The reverse osmosis method works by forcing contaminated water to pass through a semi-permeable membrane under pressure. The main goal is to leave those unwanted impurities and contaminants behind. You can then wash away these undesired substances, until you can produce well-treated high-quality water.

This specific procedure is being referred to as ion exclusion. The membrane of the RO system is filled with ions, which will then create a barrier which only water molecules can pass through. Other substances remain trapped in the membrane.

1. Water passes through the prefiltering stage

All gritty particles such as sand, silt, gravel, and stones, are removed from the water. They shouldn't reach the membrane, or they may seriously damage it.

2. Water moves on to the charcoal prefilter

There are some filters that are also added in the RO system to make the treatment process even more effective. One of these is the charcoal pre-filter. Its primary use is to remove the unwanted taste and odor that is associated with dirty source water.

3. Filtered water proceeds to the RO membrane

The membrane is one of the most important components of the system. It can clean your water by removing as much as 99 percent of impurities. If you have more than one impurity or contaminant in your water, the process might need to be repeated. Most of us don't need to worry about this!

4. Waste water travels to the air gap faucet

The water that is already considered waste by the RO system will be removed, by allowing it to flow through the air gap faucet. Of all RO faucets, this is the one commonly required by the state, as it doesn't prevent your waste water to be siphoned back into your RO unit.

5. Processed water goes through your main faucet

Once you have activated the RO faucet, the processed water that is stored in the tank can be drawn out through the drinking water faucet. Sometimes a system comes with a separate faucet for this purpose.

We suggest that you try reverse osmosis drinking water from a friend, or filter dealer, who has one installed before you invest in a system. You may not find the taste to your liking. In that case, try a [Berkey water filter](#), which looks great, filters out everything undesirable (including fluoride), but leaves essential minerals untouched.

Choose a Portable Water Filter for Camping or Hiking

There's no excuse. No matter where you go in the world, you can have great-tasting and healthy drinking water.



A [portable water filter](#) can be no bigger than a flashlight. It's a perfect travel companion for your outdoor activities, family picnics, and camping trips, providing you with a simple and cost-effective way to purify any water you come across.

We were really surprised at the products available, and their versatility, when we began researching this topic. You can drink just about any water you find if you have the right filter with you.

Katadyn (the world's leading brand for camping and hiking water filters) demonstrates its products filtering water directly from a lake, a stagnant pond, even standing water pooled in rocks on a mountain top!

It's well worth spending a little extra on your portable water filters. While the [Berkey water filters](#) are superb for a long-term campsite or even a refugee camp, it's not a practical solution for somebody carrying all their gear on their back.

Choosing a Portable Water Filter

Your choice of portable water filter should be dictated by what you intend to use it for. If you're simply looking for a lightweight, carry-along filter for use on camping or hiking trips, then there is definitely a [Katadyn water filter](#) for you. It's just a matter of fitting your needs to your tastes.

For a more sturdy, longer-term solution, less portable but suitable for a family or larger group to drink from, it's hard to look beyond the [Berkey range](#). They are not only excellent water filters for emergency situations, but they are gravity-fed, which means you don't need any power to operate.

Best value for larger group sites: [Imperial Berkey](#)

Most portable, reliable backpacking water filter: [Katadyn Pocket water filter](#)

How Water Softeners Work

Ever wondered how a water softener works? Mineral-laden, pipe-clogging hard water goes in, but soft, clean-feeling water with no aftertaste comes out. So [how do water softeners work](#) and help us avoid spotted dishes, rust-stained appliances, and clogged water heaters?



Ion Exchange

Most water softeners use a process called ion exchange to remove minerals dissolved in hard water, producing cleaner water without any aftertaste.

Some of the minerals that can be a problem in water are calcium, iron, sulfur, and magnesium. Your water softener contains many small plastic beads, or a matrix

referred to as zeolite. These are covered in ions of sodium.

When the water flows through the beads or zeolite, the unwanted minerals swap places with the sodium. This leaves more sodium in the water, but removes other minerals.

Eventually, the zeolite or beads have no more sodium ions, and must be regenerated. Regeneration is an important part of how water softeners work. This involves soaking the beads of zeolite in a sodium ion containing solution. One very common solution used is common household salt – a strong brine is made to regenerate the softener.

Once your water softener has regenerated, it's ready to get to work again. Some systems automatically regenerate, and only need to be refilled with [water softener salt](#).

However, this method means that water softeners put extra salt into the water they produce. For people on low sodium diets, this can present a problem. Sometimes, alternate salts, like potassium chloride, are used to prevent this problem.

Salt-Free Water Softeners

A few water softeners don't use salts at all, but instead function by using charcoal filters, or even magnetic fields, to remove the undesirable minerals from our hard water.

[Salt-free water softeners](#) are usually more expensive than conventional models, but are hassle-free and don't affect your sodium intake. You also don't need to carry huge bags of water softener salt into the house every few months! Read more on salt-free softeners in [a later chapter of this eBook](#).

The Benefits of Softened Water

Why bother going to the trouble and expense of installing a [whole house water softener](#)? Can't you just learn to live with the drawbacks of hard city water?

Here's the top five reasons to soften all the water you use.

1. No more plumbing issues

Hard water contains minerals (we call these "limescale" when they appear inside our appliances and water pipes). Hot water especially makes them calcify. The process of heating and cooling hardens the limescale into clumps. In bad cases, you'll need to replace plumbing altogether!

Rather like a person with heart disease, the plumbing in your house begins to get clogged with limescale. Eventually this can block a pipe, make a shower head run slowly, or fur up a faucet. [Products like CLR can sometimes remove the limescale](#), but it's a pain to have to do this.

Softening your water removes the minerals that cause limescale. A house that has previously been affected will slowly improve as softened water travels through the system. Certainly the problem will not worsen once you have a water softener fitted.

2. Improved life expectancy of your appliances



Limescale is horrible for appliances. Look inside your kettle to see what it does when exposed directly to a heating element. In very hard water areas, you will sometimes need to replace a kettle due to the buildup of limescale preventing it from heating effectively.

A kettle is bad enough (\$40-120 to replace). How much did your dishwasher and washing machine cost you? What about your home's water heater tank?

All those appliances will be affected in the same way, and they are very expensive to fix or replace.

In hard water areas, a whole house water softener is not only a good idea, it's an essential investment into the long-term health of your appliances.

3. Better-feeling skin

Unless you have showered in softened water, you won't appreciate how much better it feels to wash in water that caresses your skin.

People who care about the health of their skin should definitely consider a water softener.

Once you've towel-dried yourself, your skin will feel more vibrant and alive.

You won't have the problem of water stains on your glass shower enclosure anymore either!

4. No more water spotting on your dishes and glasses



There's nothing more frustrating than having to rinse and redry dishes and glasses when you empty the dishwasher. By the time you do that, you might as well have done the dishes by hand in the first place.

Hard water leaves mineral deposits (we see them as water spots) on glass and porcelain when hot water has dried on them.

By removing the minerals in hard water using a water softener, you will see a drastic reduction in water spotting when you run your dishwasher. No more rewashing and hand drying!

5. Save money on detergents, shampoos and soaps

Hard water is not as good at dissolving soaps and detergents as soft water.

So when you bathe or shower, wash the dishes, or your clothing in hard water, you'll need a much greater amount of soap, detergent or shampoo to get the same amount of lather.

By fitting a water softener to your house, you'll save money in the long run by using a lot less of these cleaning agents. That's not only good for your wallet, but it's also good for the environment.

“Green” cleaning products and soaps often don't work well with hard water, but when you use softener systems, you'll find they are much more effective.

More Articles on Hard Water and Softeners

[Hard water treatment](#), and why it's so important

[Water softener comparison](#): which system is best for your family?

On a budget? Then check out these [discount water softeners](#) before you buy

Could a [portable water softener](#) be the answer for your needs?

Living the mobile lifestyle? Then there's an [RV water softener](#) for you!

How to Install a Water Softener System

You may be the kind of person who likes to take on projects yourself, rather than hire a contractor to do them for you. If so, then you will save the money a plumber would cost you.

Some basic plumbing tools will be essential if you plan to install your own home water softener system. As you learn how to install a water softener, the most important part of the process is preparing the existing pipeework so it fits your softener system, and then returns to the original supply pipe.

Your Softener 'Interrupts' the City Water Supply

Before you add a softener, your city water comes into the house from an outside pipe. Adding a softener interrupts this supply line of water, so that the city water is softened before it is used by the hot water tank and the rest of your plumbing.

[There is a video on how to install a water softener system on our site.](#) This written step-by-step guide is very much simplified.

If in doubt, hire a professional!

1. Most water softeners come with two copper stubs that are used to connect the bypass valve to the copper plumbing system of your home. In order to prevent the warping of plastic bypass fitting, it is suggested to solder 3/4-inch copper risers onto the stubs located furthest from the softener. 3/4-inch sweat couplings and lead-free solder is recommended.
2. Next, the attachment of 1/2-inch flexible plastic tubing to the valve drain fitting will take place. This will become what is known as the "purge pipe." The same plastic tubing is then attached to the overflow fitting located on the side of the brine tank. To a nearby floor drain, run both tubes and set to the drain screen.
3. When the drain lines are installed, connect the bypass valve to the softener head and push the O-ring-fitted stubs into the inlet and outlet fittings. As the slots align, snap the plastic clips into place. Lastly, attach the riser stubs, tightening the nuts with pliers. It is also important not to over tighten the nuts.
4. With most households, the copper water system creates a partial path that grounds the electrical system. If you splice a plastic bypass valve into the system, you will disrupt this path, meaning you will need to install a wire bridge to continue this grounded atmosphere. Hose clamps are used to secure this wire.
5. Once complete, you should slide the water softener into a selected location against the wall. It is not required to provide a lot of space on each side of the softener. In order to ensure easy access to the unit, at least 36 inches of space left in front is necessary.
6. Before connecting water to the unit, you must shut off the water at the meter or pressure tank, draining as much of the piping system as possible. After selecting a

handy place situated before the first branch line, cut into the cold-water trunk line – removing a section measuring about 5 inches long.

7. Next, you will route the resulting pipe ends toward the softener using 3/4 –inch copper. New piping is also secured to the wall at least every 4 feet. Before you allow the supply pipe to reach the softener, install a 3/4-inch tee in the hard water line, continuing onto the softener inlet.
8. Next, extend a 3/4-inch riser from the branch of the tee to reach the ceiling, which will service faucets and fixtures that require untreated water.
9. The remaining line is then joined to the softener's outlet riser, followed by a soldering of the fittings. A heat shield is then placed behind the fittings to avoid burning the wall.
10. After completing the overhead piping, turn on the water to test its connection. The last step is to follow the manufacturer's directions and sanitize the unit.
11. Depending on your model, the last step of your water softener installation will be to program the water softener and/or add several bags of salt.

Water Softener Installation Related Articles

[Water Softener Repair](#): learn how to fix your water softener system

[Water Softener Maintenance](#): a little TLC goes a long way!

[Water Softener Parts](#): find the replacement bits you need

[Water Softener Troubleshooting](#): what's wrong with your softener?

Salt Free Water Softeners

The advantages of a [salt-free water softener](#) are plentiful, as a saltless water softener is not only better for your heart and blood pressure, but also easier on the environment. Not only do foods contain the sodium that health-conscious people like to avoid, but also the issue of sodium bicarbonates associated with water softeners has come to light.

When people want to limit the amount of salt in their water, there are a handful of approaches to consider. Some homeowners bypass one or more cold-water faucets in their home that is set aside for drinking water.

Others establish a connection to a standard unit to the hot-water portion of a water supply system, which regrettably eliminates the benefits of soft water whenever cold water is combined with hot. Water filters are sometimes installed to free drinking water of salt. Another option is to set up a [no salt water softener](#).

How Does a Saltless Water Softener Work?

To better understand the process of how a salt free water softener operates, consider the FUTURA line of products, which creates molecular patterns on a resin-plated ceramic surface.

When water makes contact with the ceramic surface, the main causes for water harness (calcium and magnesium) are turned into a crystalline substance. The crystals are now neutral, water-insoluble, resistant to heat, balanced, non-threatening, and are unable to affix to any surfaces.

As the calcite crystals increase in size, they can no longer grip and cling to the resin-plated surface and are discarded through the flow of water.

There are also [magnetic water softener systems](#) which are very popular now.



#1 Recommended Salt-Free Water Softener

Our #1 choice is the [PurHome Premier Salt-Free Softener PS-1000](#). It will soften the water in a home with one to three baths looking to eliminate hard water issues.

With no need for electricity, no backwash, and no waste water, this unit is good for the environment, as well as saving money.

A long-lasting washable sediment pre-filter creates water that is crystal clear and delicious.

Easy installation also makes this selection an attractive purchase. Consumers also do not have to worry about changing their unit until 600,000 gallons have passed or on the average of five years.

Further Reading and Links

We hope you enjoyed this eBook, and learned a few facts about the importance of your water supply.

We've compiled more information for you about the chemicals that might be in your city water supply, and what you can do to remove it.

What's in YOUR Water?

[Fluoride](#)

[Chlorine](#)

[Manganese](#)

[Iron](#)

[Limescale](#)

Compare Water Filters

[Whole House Water Filters](#)

[Drinking Water Filters](#)

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[Replacement Water Filters](#)

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[Camping Water Filters: Katadyn Water Filter Reviews](#)

[UV Portable Water Purifier](#)

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Refrigerator Water Filters

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[Frigidaire Water Filter](#)

[GE Refrigerator Water Filters](#)

[Maytag Refrigerator Water Filters](#)

[How to Replace a Refrigerator Water Filter](#)

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